

Digital Twin for Phase Transition Prediction in Laser-Based Additive Manufacturing

A Phase-Field and U-Net Model Framework

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Introduction

Objective

- To study phase transitions and LIQUID phase behavior under different laser beam profiles.
- To analyze the effects of Free Energy expressions on phase evolution.
- To train a U-Net [1] ML model using data generated from FEM simulations.
- To construct a *Digital-Twin* framework capable of predicting phase transitions.

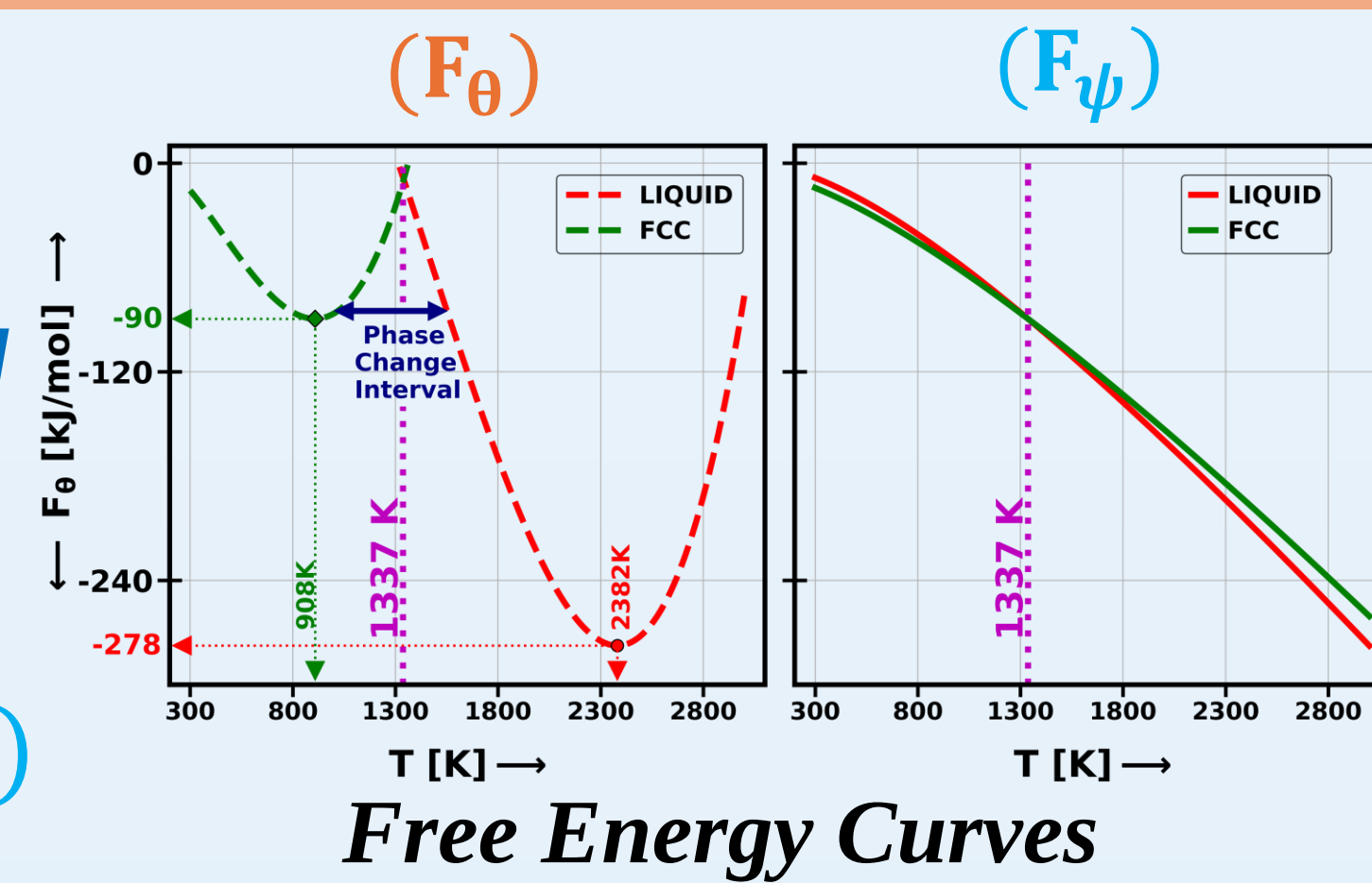
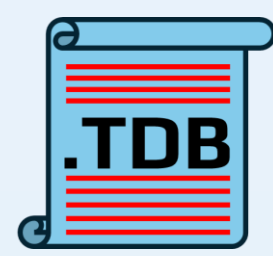
Approach

Raspberry-Pi based *Digital-Twin Framework* using a trained ML model to predict real-time phase transition from T-data captured by an IR Camera.

Methodology

Thermodynamics

- Thermodynamic Database [2]
- Free Energies
 - Polynomial Fitting (F_θ)
 - Expression Extraction (F_ψ)



Multi-Physics Modeling

Heat Transfer

$$\rho^i \langle T \rangle C_p^i \langle T \rangle \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + \vec{u} \cdot \nabla T \right) = k_{th}^i \langle T \rangle \nabla^2 T + Q$$

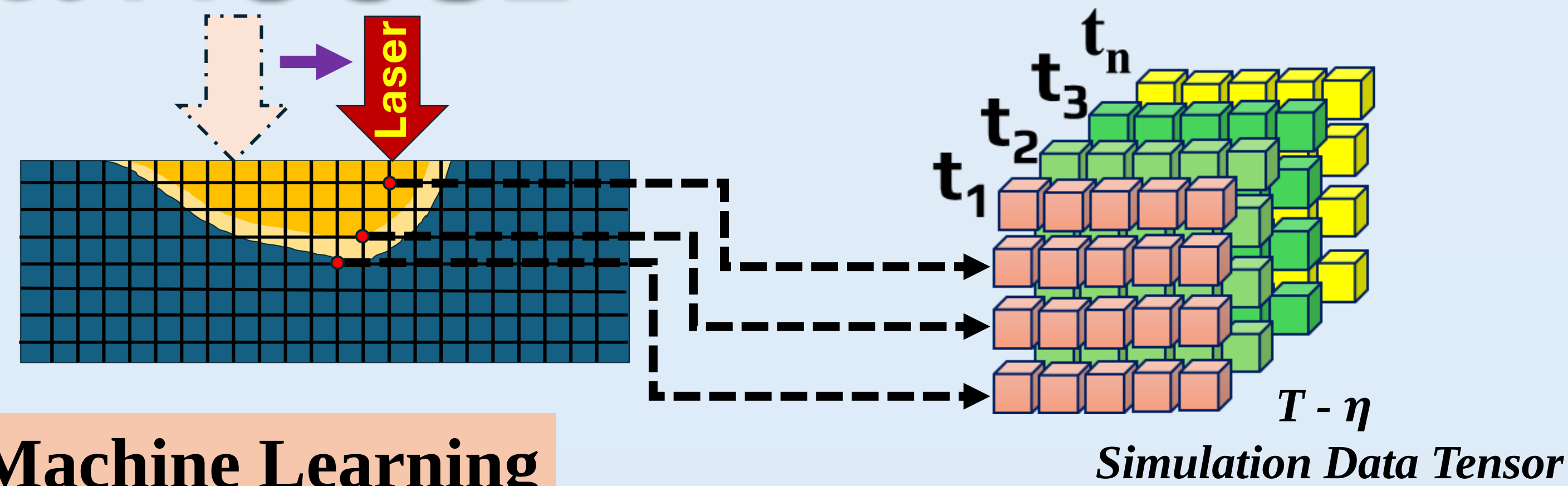
Phase-Field

$$\frac{\partial \eta_i}{\partial t} = -L_i \left(\frac{\partial f_{bulk} \langle T \rangle}{\partial \eta_i} - \nabla \cdot \frac{\partial f_{int}}{\partial \nabla \eta_i} \right)$$

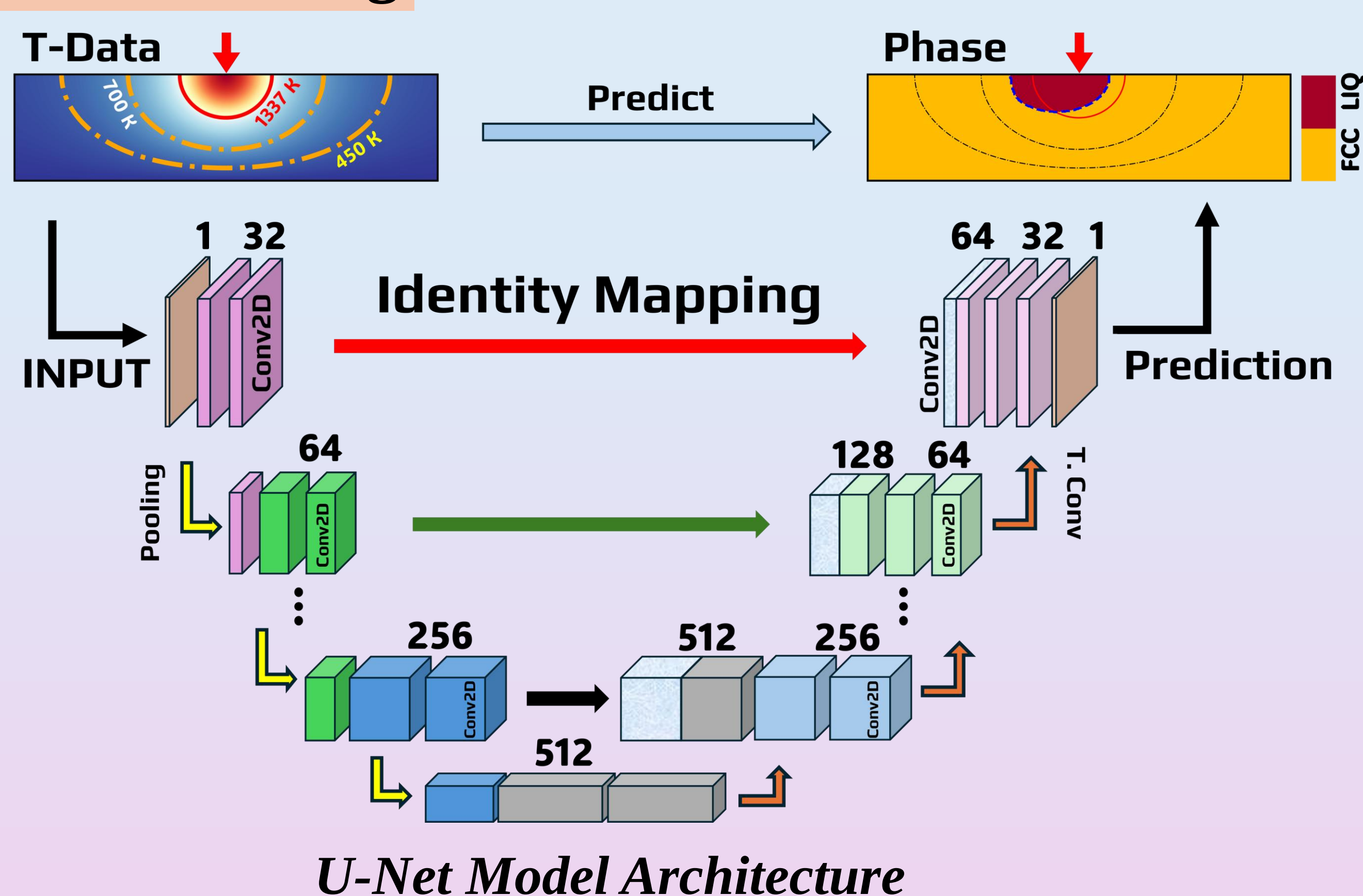
Fluid Flow

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{u} = 0$$
$$\rho^{LIQ} \langle T \rangle \frac{\partial \vec{u}}{\partial t} + \rho^{LIQ} \langle T \rangle (\vec{u} \cdot \nabla) \vec{u} = -\nabla p + \mu^{LIQ} \langle T \rangle \nabla^2 \vec{u} + F_{bou}$$

MOOSE [4] Finite Element Method

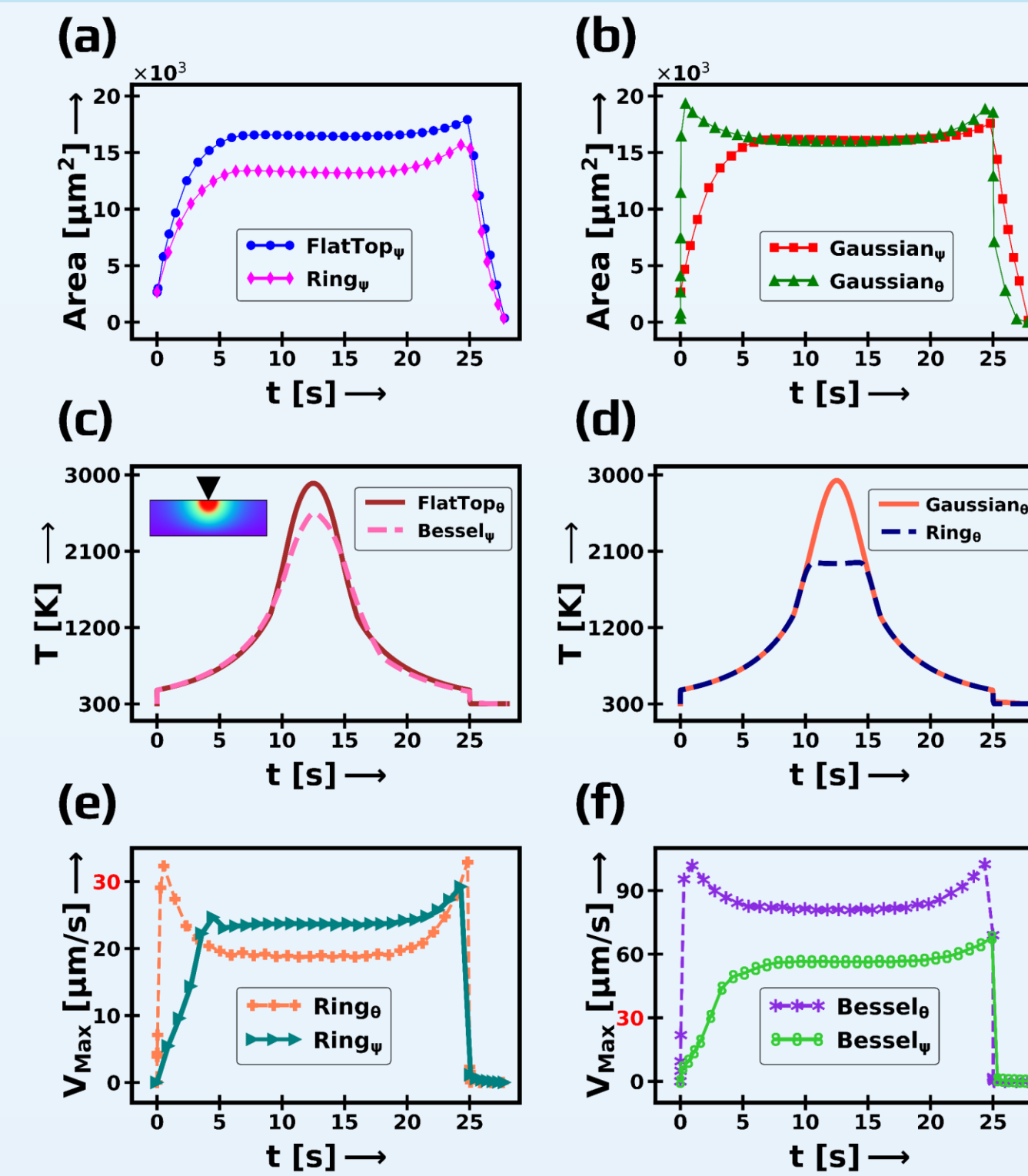


Machine Learning



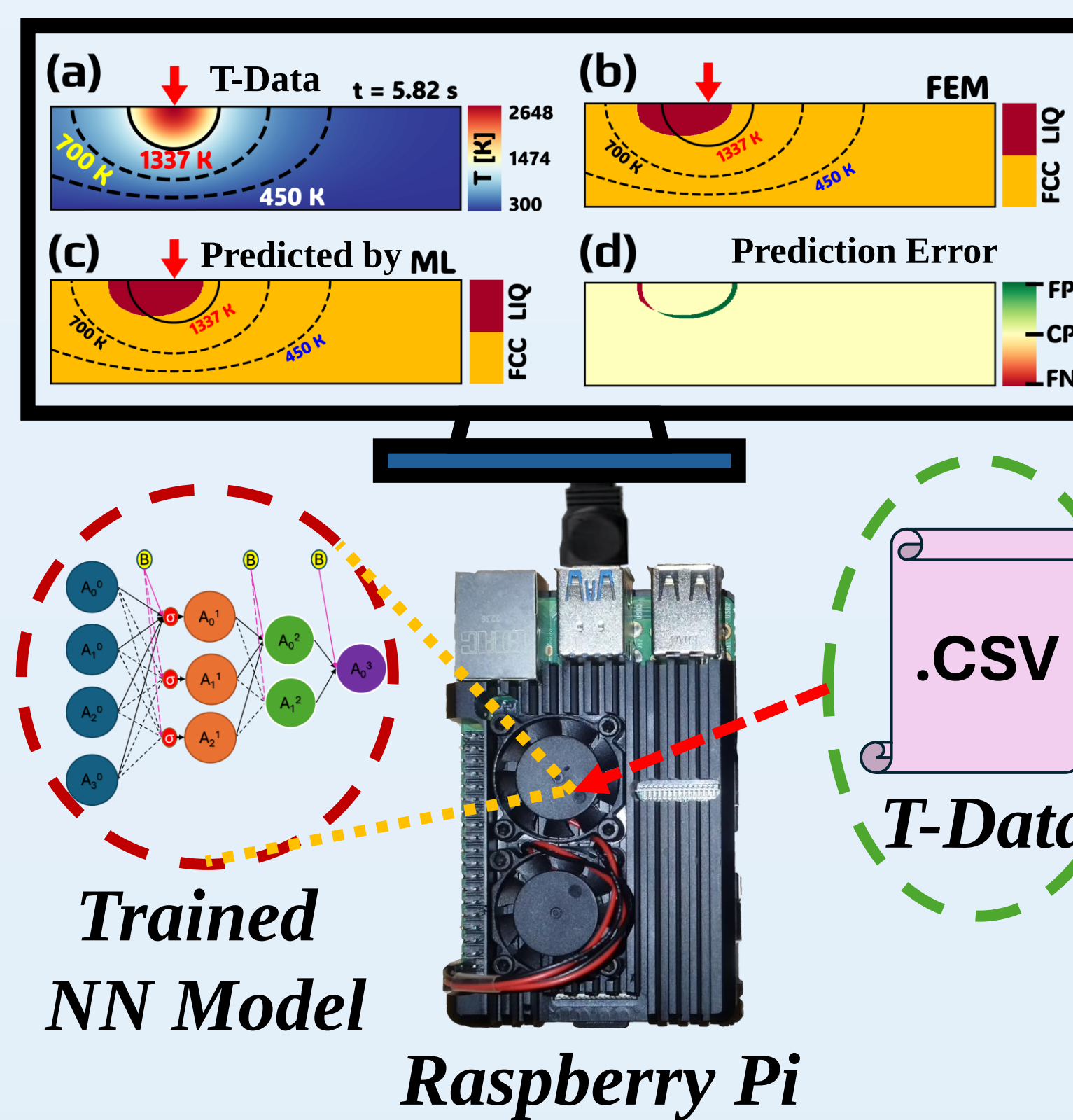
Results

Simulations & Predictions

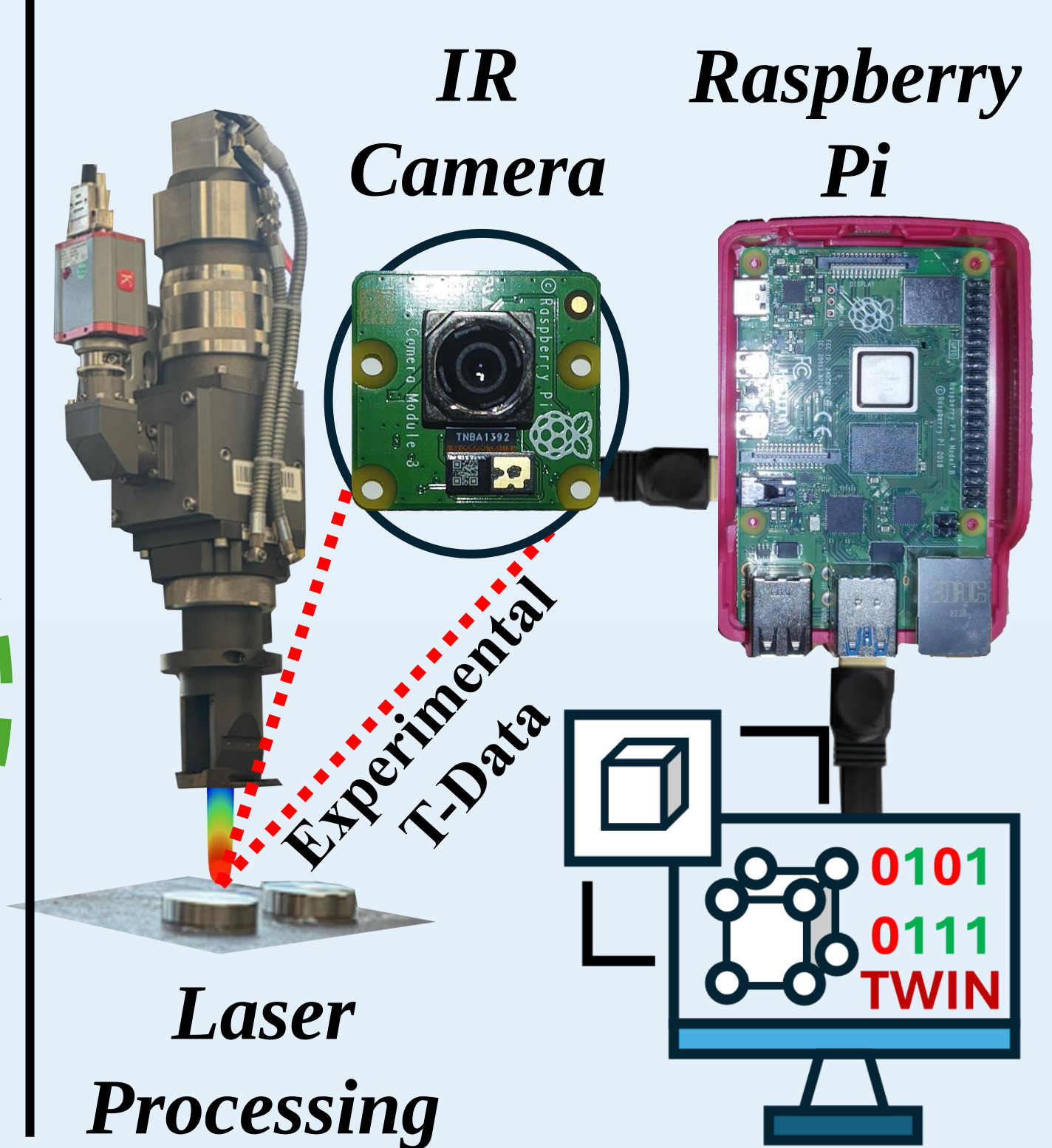


LIQUID phase area, max Temperature, velocity max (multiple simulation results)

Digital-Twins



Future Work



Conclusion

- Performed Multi-Physics FEM laser-processing simulations with varying beam profiles and Free Energy expressions.
- Constructed a U-Net machine learning model trained on data generated from multiple FEM simulations.
- Developed a Raspberry-Pi based *Digital-Twin Framework* utilizing the trained ML model to predict phase transition.

Future Work

- Testing the *Digital-Twin Framework* under laboratory conditions using Temperature data from infrared cameras.

References

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Acknowledgements

This work was supported by the National Science Centre, Poland (UMO-2021/42/E/ST5/00339)



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